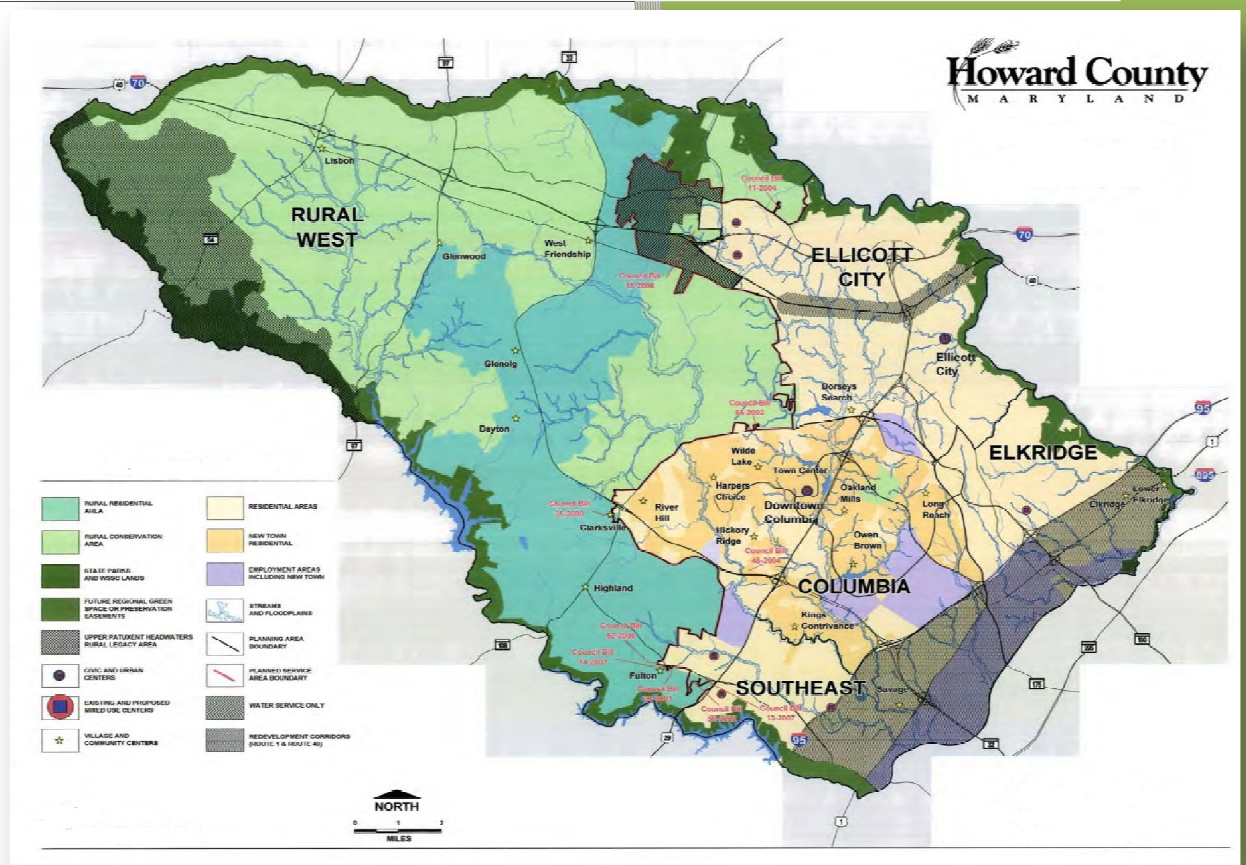




# January - December 2013

## CMOM Audit Report No. 3



Complaint and Settlement  
Agreement between Howard  
County, Maryland and the  
Maryland Department of the  
Environment CO-10-1116

September, 2014



**CMOM Audit Report No. 3**

**January, 2013**

**Through**

**December, 2013**

**Complaint and Settlement Agreement between Howard County,  
Maryland and the Maryland Department of the Environment  
CO-10-1116**

This Self-Audit Report is a requirement of “Paragraph C, CMOM Audit” of the Complaint and Settlement Agreement. One year after the commencement of implementation of the approved CMOM Program, and annually thereafter until termination of this Agreement, the County shall conduct a performance assessment audit to evaluate the CMOM Program and submit a report to MDE certifying and describing:

- A. All CMOM tasks completed within approved schedules/milestones and providing an explanation for CMOM work not performed as required;
- B. The effectiveness of the CMOM Program in preventing and minimizing the adverse impacts of Overflows and Building Backups; and
- C. The number and causes of Overflows and known Building Backups that have occurred in each sewer shed for the previous year; and
- D. Actions planned and/or implemented to respond to any failures to perform scheduled CMOM tasks;
- E. Any Collection System deficiencies identified during inspections performed pursuant to the CMOM and actions planned or implemented to address them;
- F. Whether the County has adequately prioritized rehabilitation work to maximize the reduction of Overflows.

This report is to address the third annual CMOM program Self-Audit. Howard County (County)’s CMOM manual was approved by MDE on June 30<sup>th</sup>, 2011, and was posted on the County’s website with the approval letter from MDE received on July 1st, 2011. The first CMOM Self-Audit report was submitted to MDE on June 22<sup>nd</sup>, 2012. The County received the approval letter on December 27<sup>th</sup>, 2012. The second CMOM Self-Audit report was submitted to MDE on July 17<sup>th</sup>, 2013.

**A. All CMOM Tasks Summary in 2013**

In order to guide the overall tracking and management of an effective and efficient CMOM program, the County intends to meet the following “General Standards” consistent with the EPA’s CMOM requirements:

- Take all feasible and cost-effective steps, as appropriate, to prevent sanitary sewer overflows and to minimize the impact of sanitary sewer overflows when they do occur.
- Properly manage, operate, and maintain all parts of the sewage collection system operated by or under the control of Howard County.
- Identify sewer system capacity needs and deficiencies to provide adequate collection system capacity to convey base and peak flows.
- Establish a chain for communication for sharing information within County departments, State authorities, and community stakeholders.

As is described in the CMOM manual, the County’s quantitative short-term and intermediate-term and long-term goals are summarized as below:

- Inspect manholes once every five years.
- Clean sewer mains which do not have self-cleaning flow characteristics once every 5 years.
- Perform routine CCTV inspection on approximately 5% of the sewer collector mains each year.
- Enhance the efficiency of maintenance crews to achieve an average response time to routine sewer problems of 1 hour or less.

The County’s collection system is served by 30 pumping stations, approximately 1005 miles of sewer ranging in size from 4 to 48 inches, and roughly 30,000 manholes. According to the given assumption, the County’s quantitative goals in 2013 are interpreted as:

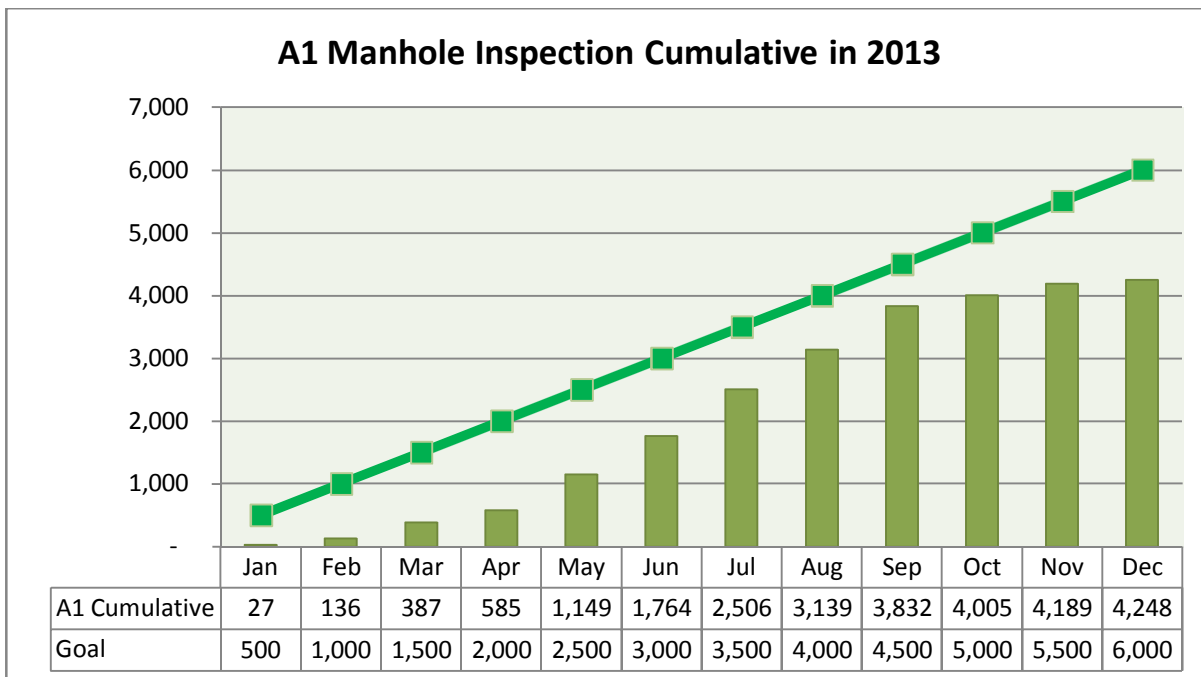
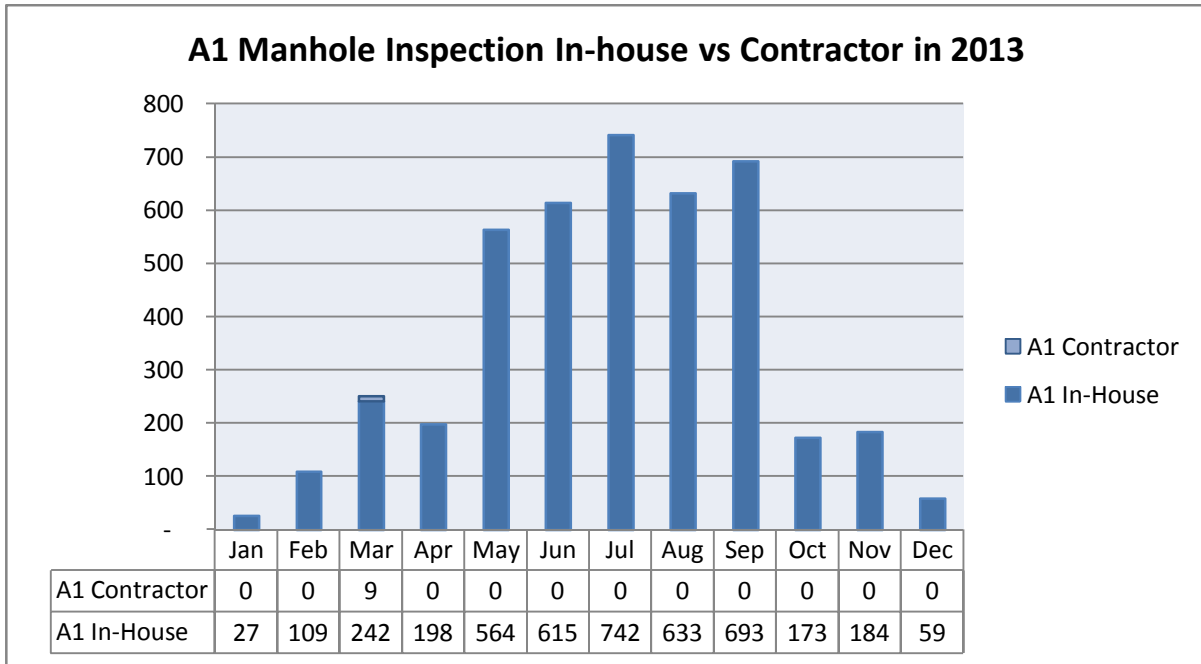
- Inspect 6,000 manholes.
- Clean 195 miles of sewer mains.
- Perform routine CCTV inspection on approximately 48.75 miles (257,400 ft) of sewer collector mains.
- Enhance the efficiency of maintenance crews to achieve an average response time to routine sewer problems of one (1) hour or less.

To achieve the CMOM goals, the County has implemented an enhanced collection system maintenance program, with different CMOM components listed in the below charts by month from January through December 2013. Assuming the sewer

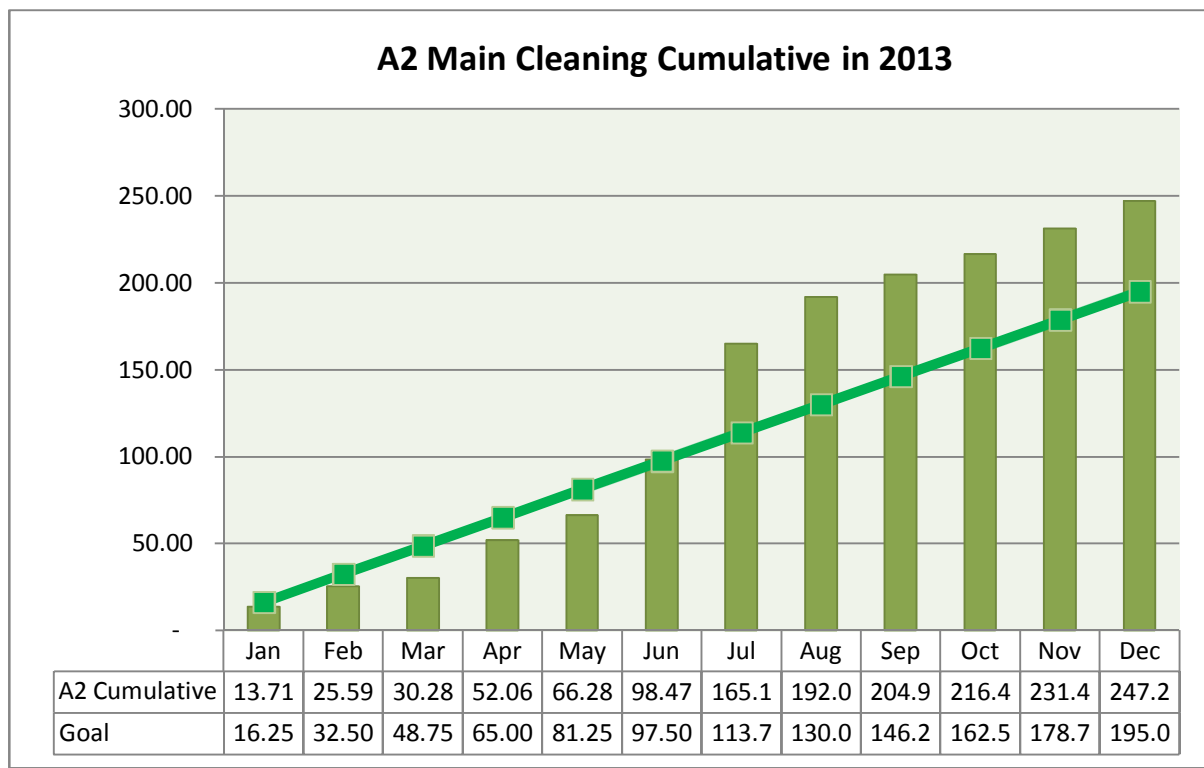
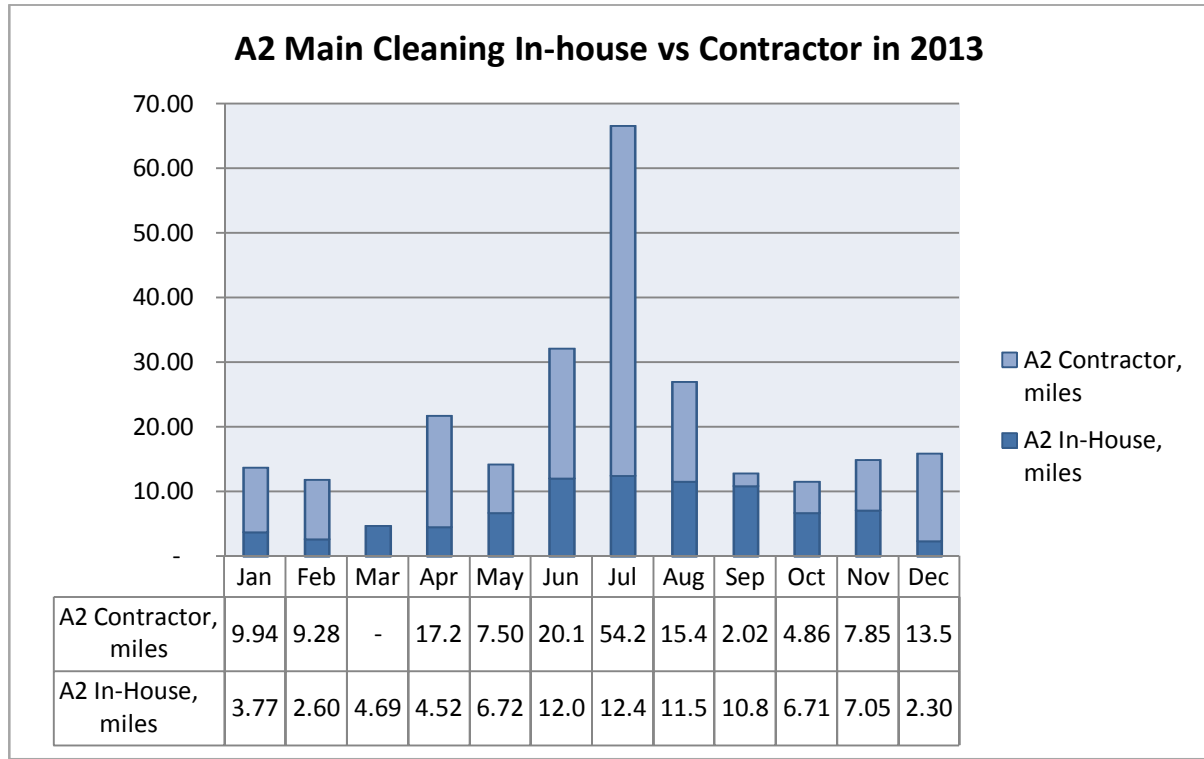


collection system has a life span of 100 years, the County will repair/replace 1% of the sewer collection system on average each year; that is, to repair/replace 9.75 miles (51,480 ft) of the sewer mains and 300 manholes. However, as the repair work is identified from the assessment projects, the schedule of repair will be developed accordingly, and will very likely vary from year to year.

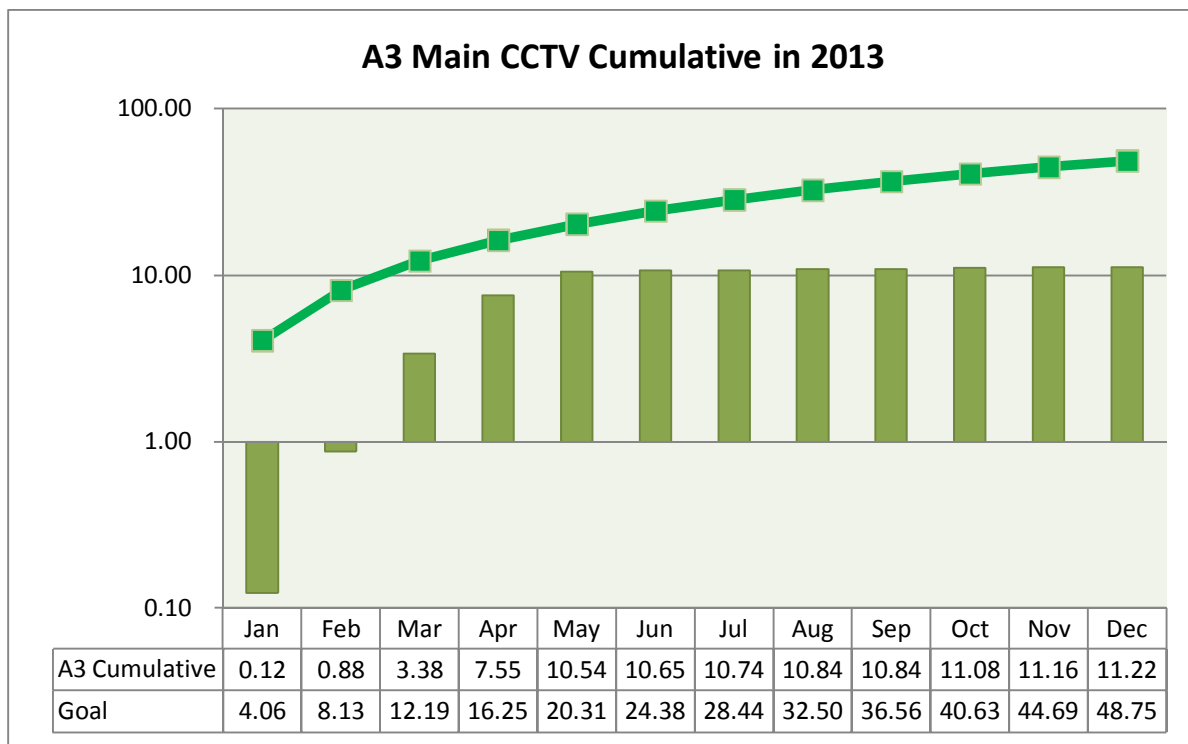
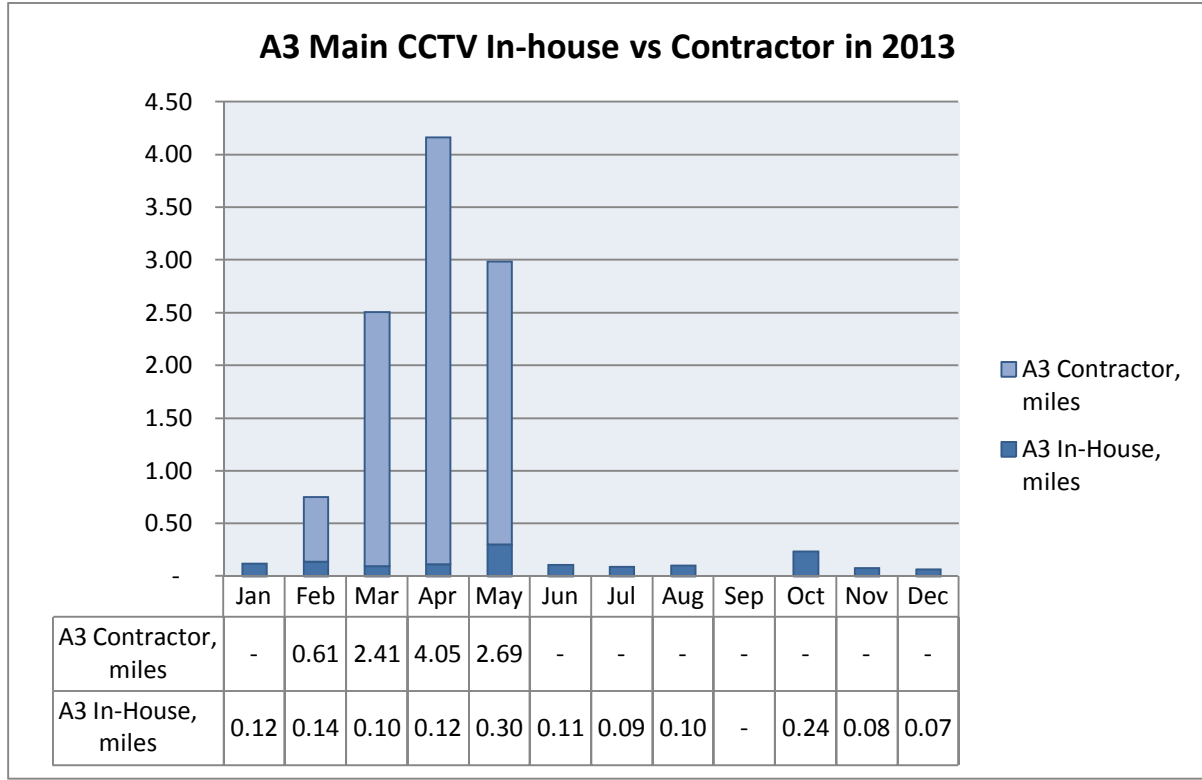
**A1. Manhole Inspections:**



**A2. Sewer Cleaning:**

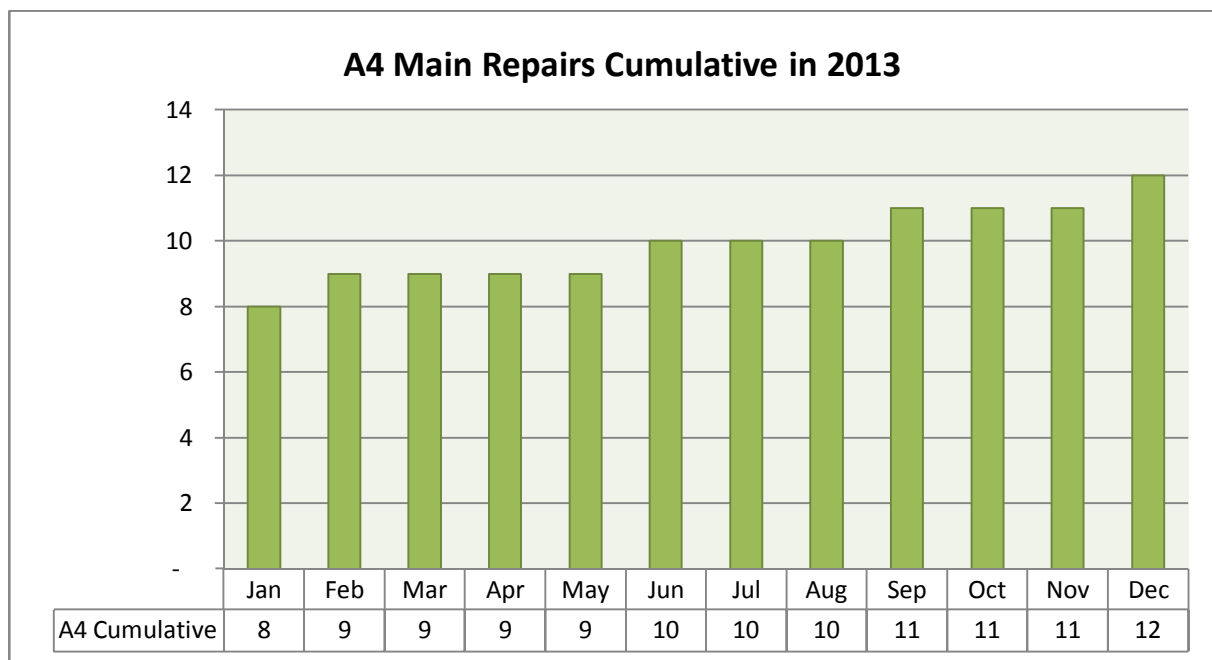
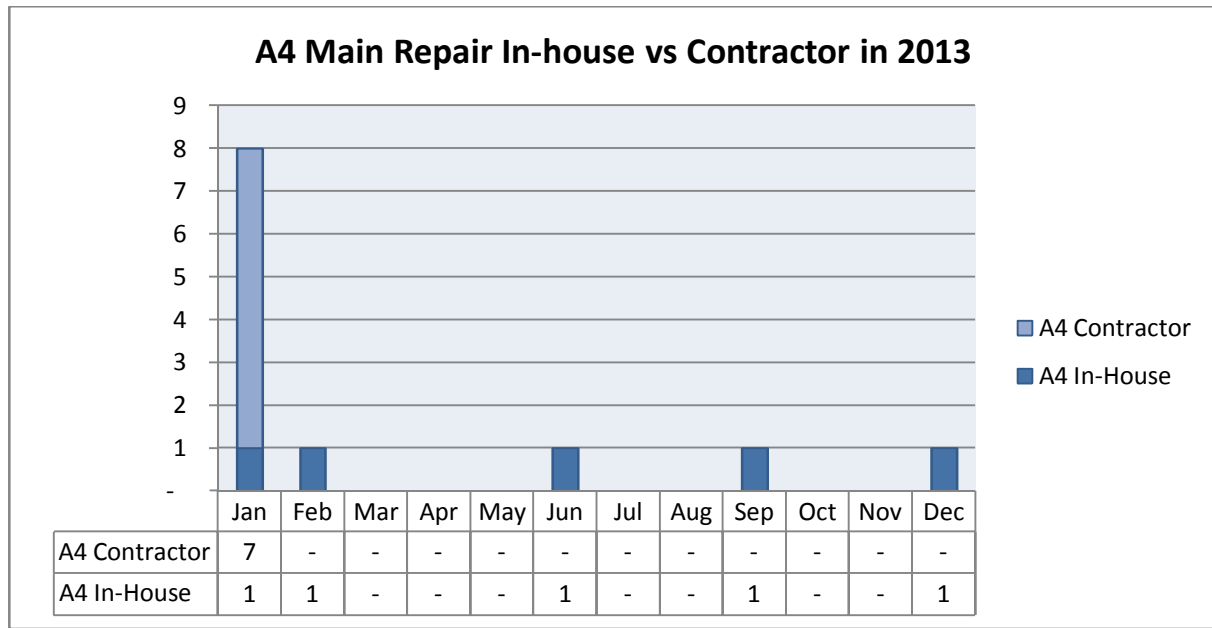


### A3. Sewer CCTV Inspection

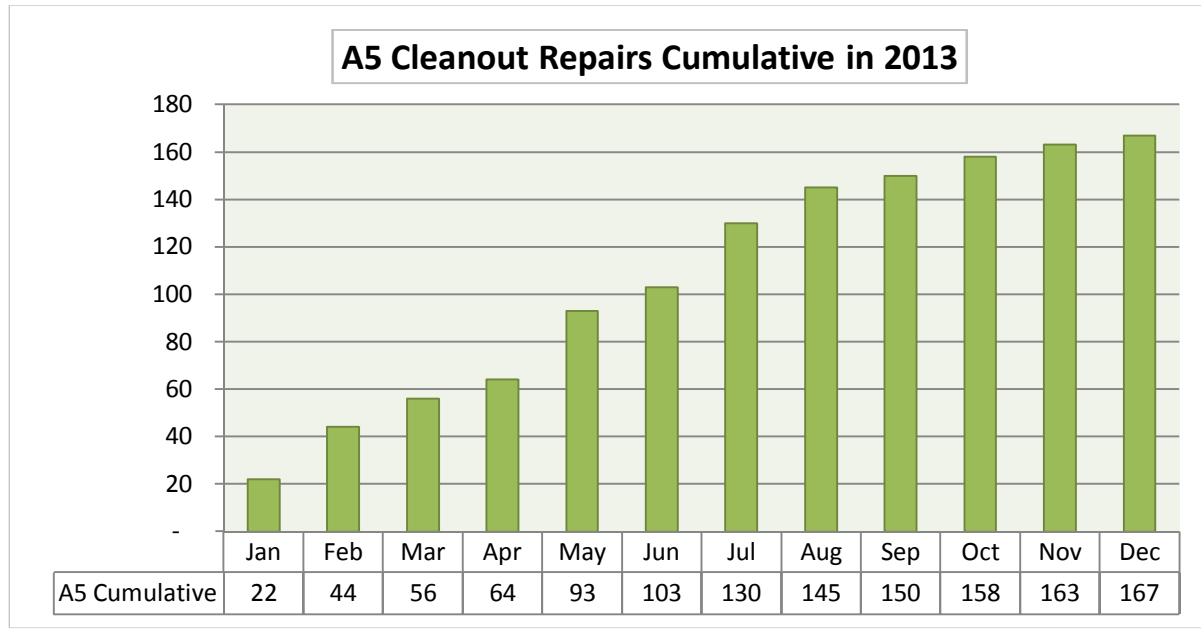


#### A4. Sewer Main Repairs

The County performed the sewer main repair/replacement on an As-Needed basis. Five (5) sewer mains were repaired by County's in-house staff in 2013, totaled 1,554 ft. Seven (7) sewer mains were repaired by County's on-call contractor VPS, totaled 3,210 ft. Additionally, there's 5,805 ft of CIPP performed at Murray Hills Subdivision.

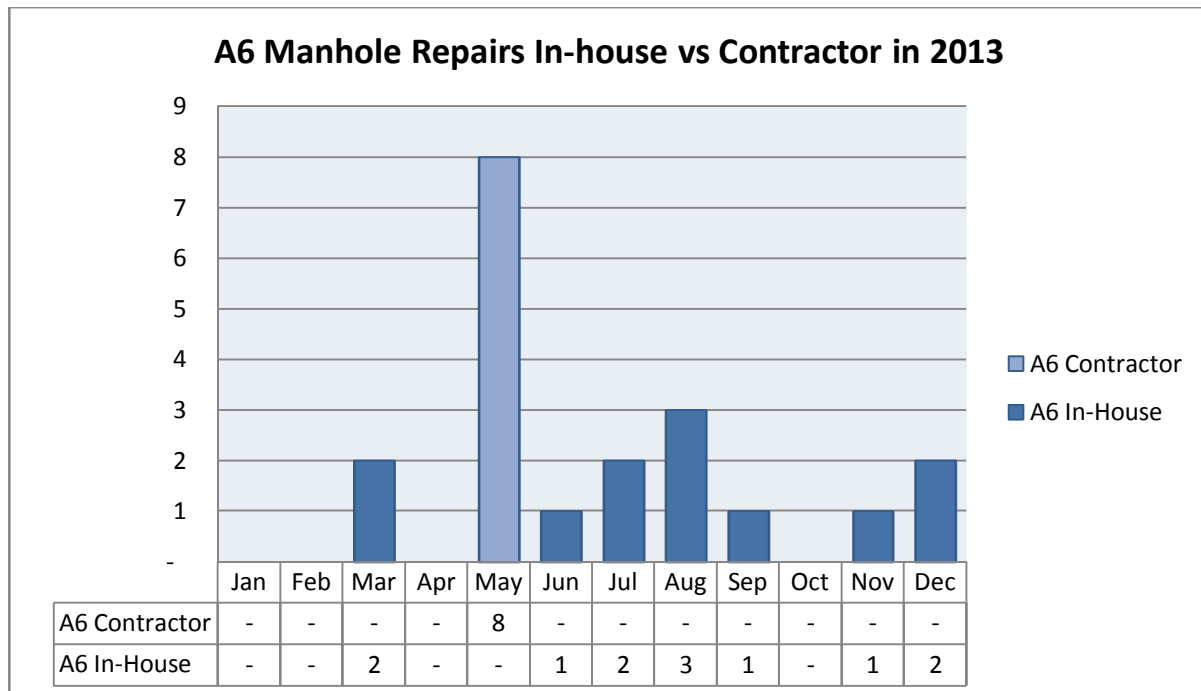


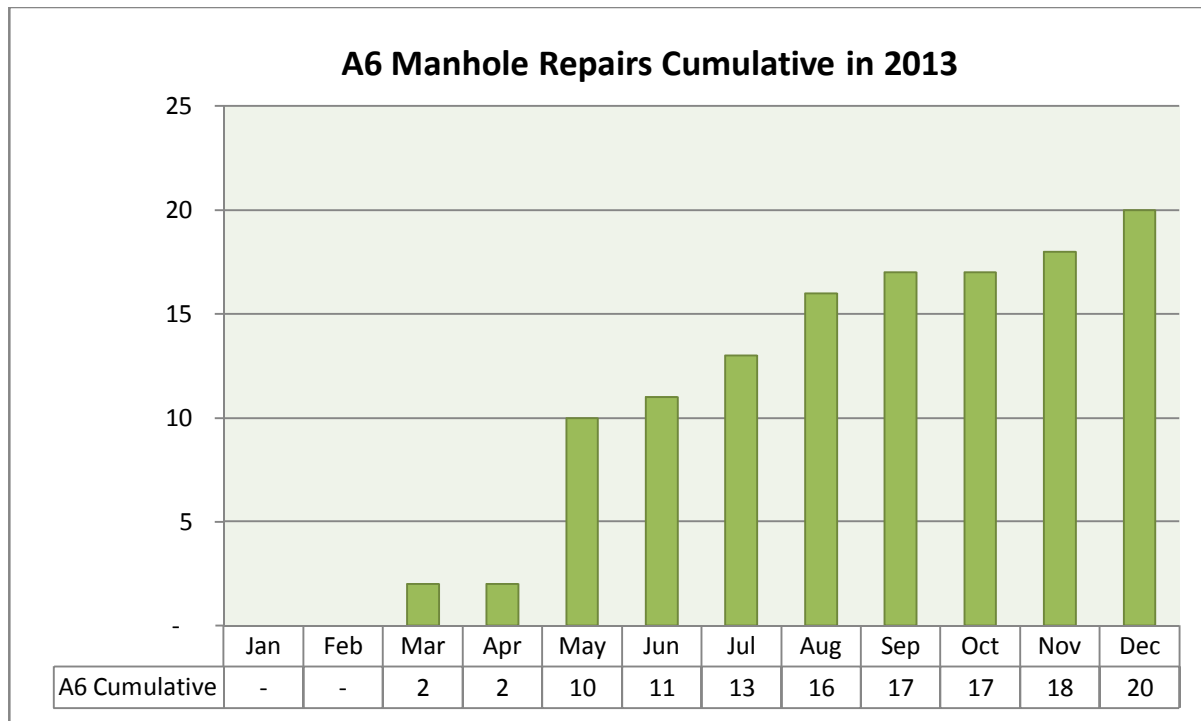
**A5. Sewer Cleanout Repairs**



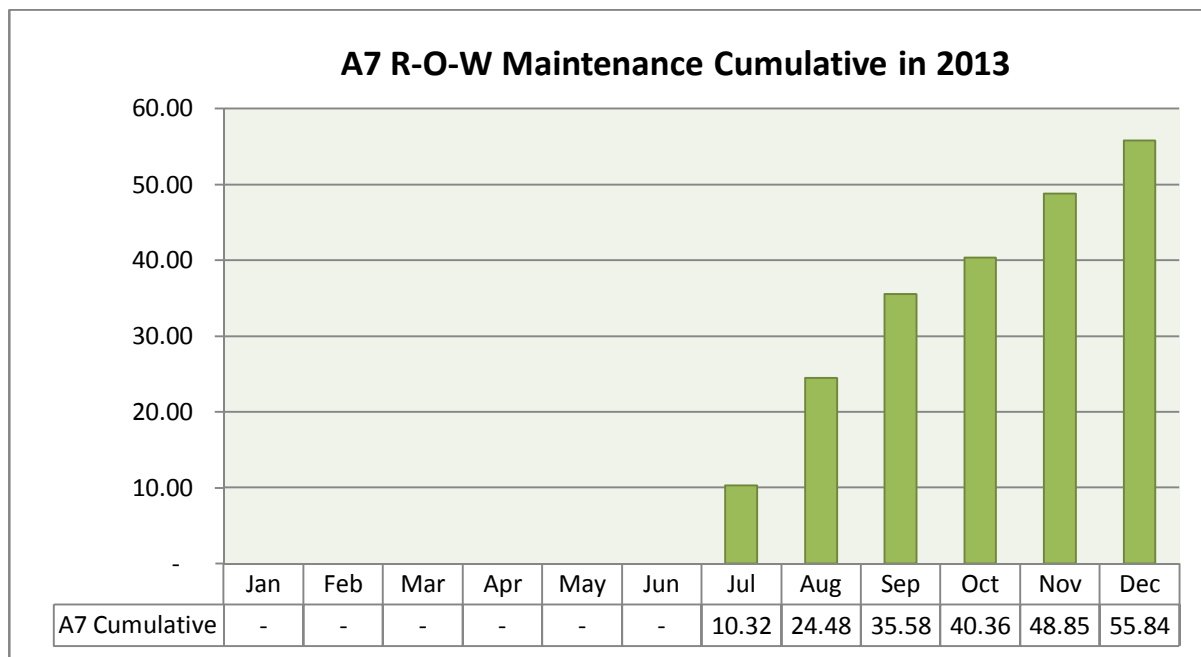
**A6. Manhole Repairs**

The County performed the manhole repair/replacement on an As-Needed basis. Sanitary sewer manholes are repaired by County’s in-house staff and contractors. There were 20 manholes repaired in 2013, 8 by the on-call contractor and 12 by the County’s in-house staff.





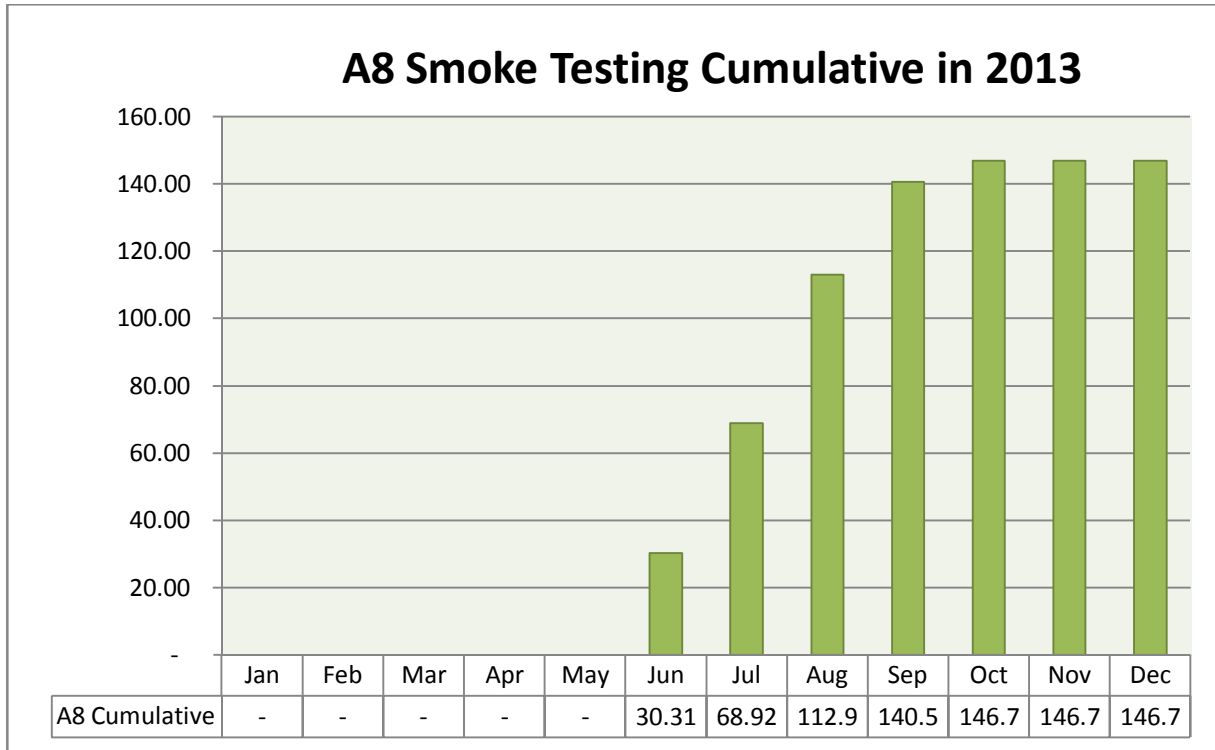
#### A7. Sewer Right of Way Maintenance



#### A8. Smoke Testing

In 2013, there was no smoke testing performed by in-house staff. The County has contracted George, Miles & Buhr (GMB) to provide engineering services with smoke

testing the Route 108 Subsewershed. The intent of this project is to identify the specific locations where the system defects exist to reduce the quantity of extraneous inflow from entering the Little Patuxent Interceptor.



**A9. Sewer Pumping Station Inspections**

The Howard County sewer pumping station program, as outlined in the CMOM, provides for station checks of each sewer pumping station twice per week.

**A10. Root Treatment**

In 2013, the County completed root treatment in 10,570 ft of sewer mains, 46 sewer house connections, and 5 manholes in October and November.

**A11. FOG Program**

The County’s FOG program inspections consist of:

- Pretreatment staff inspections on Best Management Practices (BMPs), grease interceptors, used cooking oil handling and collection, solid waste handling and disposal; and other activities
- Inspections conducted by the FSEs through their self-monitoring reports
- Inspections conducted by the waste haulers when they pump the interceptors

In 2013, the County has 742 permitted Food Service Establishments (FSEs). Among them 283 have outside interceptors, 272 have inside interceptors, and the rest have neither. The inside interceptors are supposed to be inspected twice every year and the outside interceptors are inspected once every year. Those who don't have grease interceptors are also inspected and are required to implement BMPs in handling food wastes. A sample FSE inspection checklist is attached in Appendix A-1. The County performed 636 inspections in total in 2013.

On a semi-annual basis, FSEs with inside interceptors are required to submit their self-monitoring reports. See sample semi-annual operation and maintenance report in Appendix A-2. This report shows the dates when the pump outs occurred and when the grease barrels were collected. 372 reports have been received from FSEs in 2013, 142 submitted from the first half year and 230 from the rest.

The County has 244 vehicle service facilities. Among them, 91 have oil/water separators, which are supposed to be inspected once every year. There was only 1 inspection performed throughout the year.

Also attached in Appendix A-3 is a sample Waste Hauler report. This report contains the condition assessment of the interceptors when they were pumped. The frequency varies from weekly to bi-yearly. The owners or managers of the FSEs make the determination for the pumping, cleaning frequency, and cleaning methods, based on type and size of the FSE, as well as the frequency of usage.

As far as the inspections, reporting requirements, and enforcement actions go, they are consistent with the County's current sewer use ordinance and draft FOG POLICY. The County is in communication with the restaurant association to finalize the proposed amendment. Now the ball is in County's court for review.

#### **A12. Pretreatment**

The Howard County Pretreatment staff is based at the County's LPWRP and is responsible for the implementation of the County's Pretreatment program, including limiting the discharge of fats, oils, and grease (FOG) into the County's collection system. In 2013, the County received another remark stating, "Howard County continues to operate an excellent Pretreatment Program".

### **B. The Effectiveness of the Approved CMOM Program**

#### **B1. CMOM Programs Recent Performance Summary**



The County's CMOM program has been fully implemented starting January 2011. As of today, the County has submitted eight (8) semi-annual progress reports, under the requirement of "Paragraph F, Reporting" of the Complaint and Settlement Agreement with MDE.

As of today, the County has submitted two (2) Self-Audit reports, under the requirement of "Paragraph C, CMOM Audit" of the Complaint and Settlement Agreement. The Self-Audit process involves interviewing the various personnel, observance of field activities, field inspection of equipment and resources, and review of pertinent records and management information systems. Specific audit components include audit findings (program deficiencies), audit responses (steps to correct each deficiency), and schedules to implement audit responses. In order to assist the Self-Audit process, the County utilizes a CMOM Self-Audit Checklist as shown in Appendix B-1 to track the audit findings and audit responses.

Johnson Mirmiran & Thompson Inc. (JMT) continues the on-site engineering support and contractor management to assist the implementation of the CMOM program. This on-site level of effort is in conjunction with JMT Technology Group's efforts in developing a Geographic Information System (GIS) for the County's sanitary collection system and water distribution system. The GIS project to develop the sanitary collection system was completed and delivered to the County.

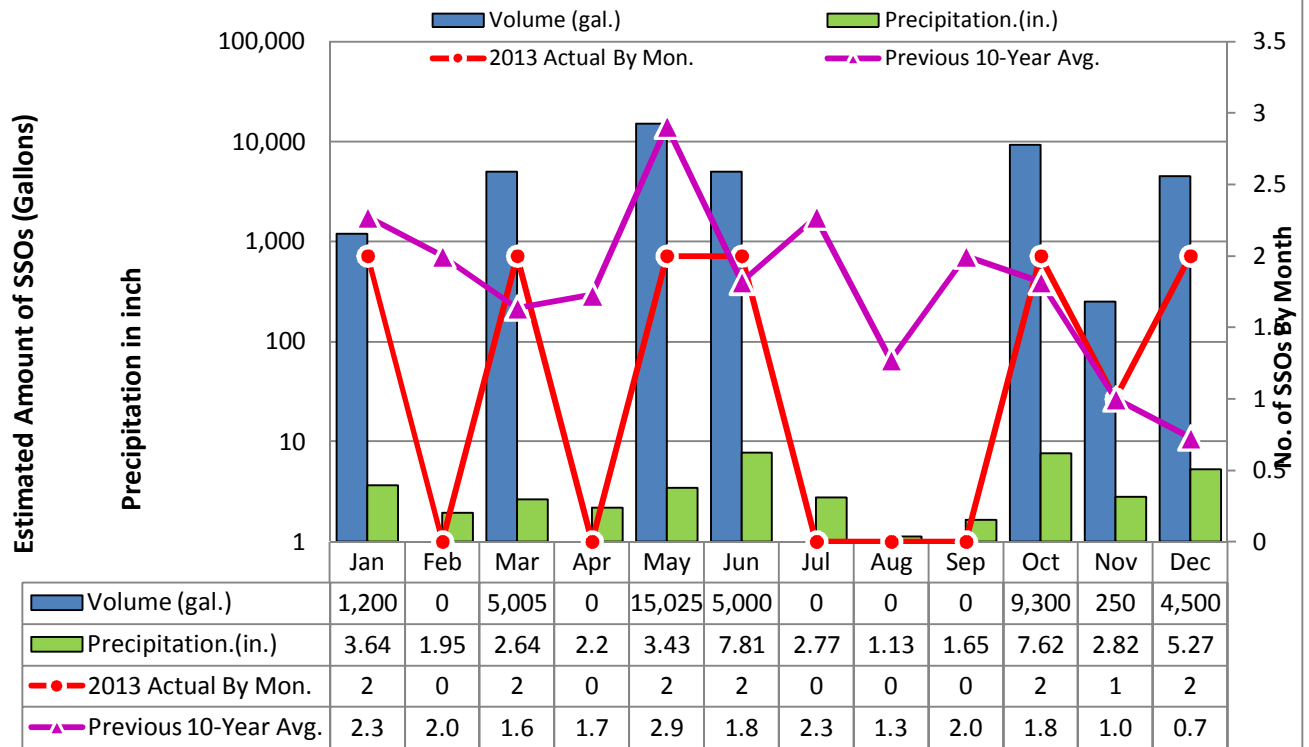
The two County's on-call contractors, Video Pipe Service (VPS) and TRB Specialty (TRB) continue performing collection system repair/restore/replacement activities concurrently with the maintenance crew of the Bureau of Utilities to meet the CMOM goals.

## **B2. Sewer System Overflows (SSO's) in the Previous Year**

For the period of January through December 2013, there were 13 SSO's within the Howard County Sanitary Sewer Collection system for a total of 40,280 gallons. See Appendix C for a detailed break-down with probable causes in 2013. Among the 13 SSO's, none of them occurred due to the storms, which is probably resulted from 2013's quiet tropical season.

Same as 2011 and 2012, Howard County maintains a far below national average for the number of sewer overflow occurrence. The national average for SSO is 4.5 per 100 miles of sewer, based on a 2004 EPA report to Congress. The County's average is 1.3 per 100 miles of sewer.

## Howard County SSO vs Precipitation in 2013



\* Precipitation Data Resources: National Climatic Data Center (NCDC)

The County’s SSO’s have been plotted by month in the above chart. As is shown in the chart, most months’ SSO occurrence numbers in 2013 were all below the previous 10-year average. There was no SSO occurred during February, April, and July through September. You can also see the number of SSO occurrence in each month still correlates the amount of precipitation. The more it rained, the more SSO occurred.

### C. The Number and Causes of Overflows and Known Building Backups

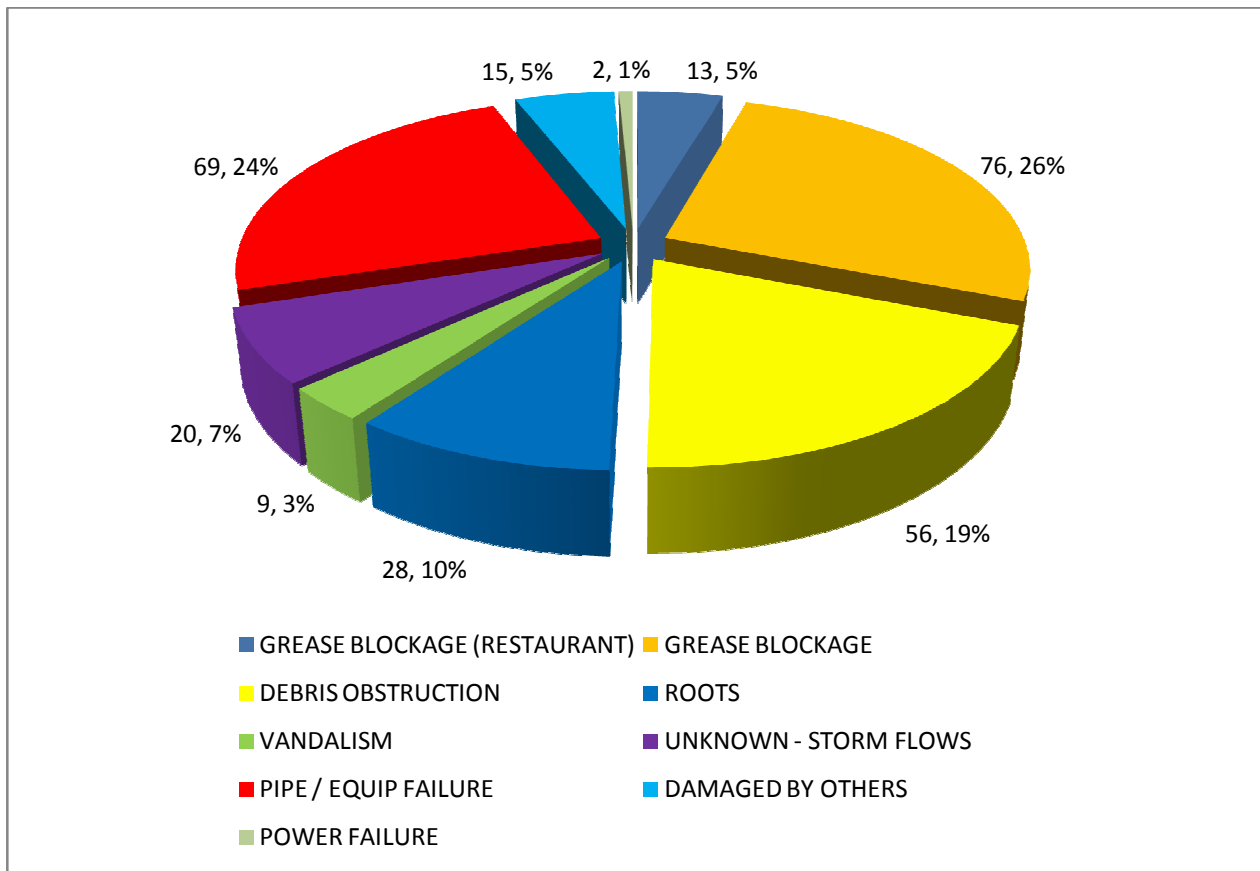
In the CMOM Self-Audit Checklist, the causes of overflows have been categorized into:

Category	Notes
Capacity Related	SSO’s are storm related
Maintenance Related	SSO’s due to debris obstruction and roots
Operations Related	SSO’s due to power failure
Caused By FOG	SSO’s due to restaurant grease blockage

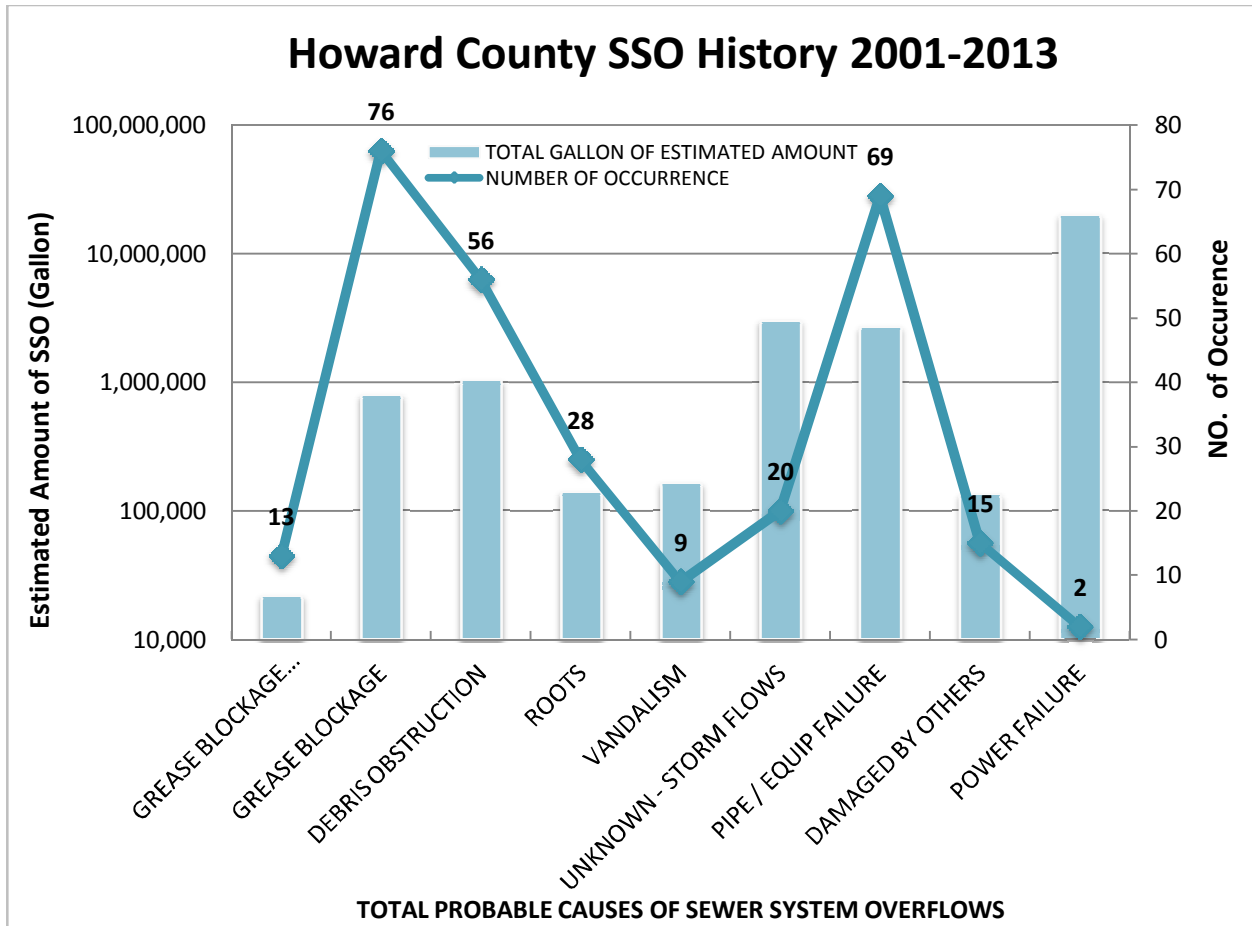
Category	Notes
Caused By Sources Other Than FOG	
Caused By Pipe/Equipment Failures	
Caused By Damage	SSO's due to vandalism, contractor misconduct, etc.

The number and probable causes of SSO's and building backups in 2013 have been illustrated in Appendix C.

To take a further step into the long-term investigation, the County researches the causes and numbers of SSO occurrence from 2001 to 2013.



As is shown in the above chart, the top three (3) causes of overflows county-wide are: grease blockage (non FOG, 26%), pipe/equipment failure (24%), and debris obstruction (19%).



While taking the estimated overflow amount into consideration, power failure, storms, pipe and equipment failures rank the highest of the total SSO volume contribution. This observation has not changed from 2012.

**D. Actions Planned and/or Implemented to Respond to Any Failures**

**D1. Successes and Failures in Achieving the Goals in 2013**

As is shown in the Section A and Appendix B, although A1-the total number of manholes inspected, A3-the total linear footage of mains CCTVed didn't meet the goal in 2013, the County has improved in the following aspects comparing to the previous year:

- a. Inspected and light cleaned more sewer mains
- b. Inspected more manholes
- c. More cleanout repairs
- d. Achieved more smoke tests and accomplished the program in Rte 108 drainage basin to target the I&I problems, and most importantly,

- e. Less number of SSO occurrences and volume.

**D2. Action Planned and/or Implemented in Achieving the Goals for 2014**

The collection system repair/replacement will still be conducted on an as-needed basis. The County has planned more CCTV and rehabilitation activities in 2014. The cleaning, CCTV and smoke testing activity progress in 2013 has been illustrated in Figure D1, D2 and D3 respectively in the Appendix D.

**E. Collection System Deficiencies Identified and Actions Planned or Implemented**

**E1. Collection Systems Deficiencies Identified under CMOM**

As we concluded in Section C, the area of greatest need with regard to the collection system is to control the County's SSO's which are caused by blockages (grease, debris, and roots). The County has programmed various CMOM components to be performed in order for 2014.

The cleaning team is scheduled to go first. Based on the notes taking by the cleaner, the County is able to identify the problematic area with grease, roots, debris and other obstructions. Then the County engages the CCTV contractor to conduct a NASSCO PACP certified condition assessment. Therefore, the engineers could decide the rehabilitation method according to the defects qualified and quantified during CCTV inspections. The County also schedules the comprehensive smoke testing projects. The contractors are looking for locations such as roof drains or storm drain inlets directly to the sewer collection system, as well as defective mains and cleanouts caps. The final steps will be rehabilitation design and construction.

By the end of 2013, the County completed the cleaning for the following drainage basins: small pump stations above route 99, Tiber Branch, Sucker Branch, Route 40 pump station, Plumtree, Edger Horse Farm, Red Hill, Bonnie Branch, Rockburn, Deep Run, Licking Creek, Wilde Lake and part of Little Patuxent. The County completed the CCTV inspections for the problematic sewers notified by cleaner in the following drainage basins: small pump stations above route 99, Tiber and Sucker Branch, Route 40 pump station, and Plumtree. The drainage basins are illustrated in Appendix D.

**E2. Collection Systems Deficiencies Identified under SSES**

The SSES report for the Little Patuxent was submitted to MDE on May 25th, 2010 in accordance with the Agreement. The contractor completed the necessary improvements by November 2011. Three progress reports have been submitted to MDE to describe the activity/action taken to reduce I&I along the Little Patuxent

Interceptor. The first progress report was submitted on March 24<sup>th</sup>, 2011, the second was submitted on June 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2011 and the third progress report was submitted to MDE on January 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2012.

The SSES reports for the Patapsco Basin and Hammond/Guilford Basin were delivered to MDE on December 7<sup>th</sup>, 2011, followed by the Recommendations and Implementation Schedule sent through email on August 23<sup>rd</sup>, 2012. MDE approved both SSES reports along with the Recommendations and Implementation Schedule on October 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2012. The first Progress Reports for the two SSES describing the County's repairs/actions was delivered to MDE on August 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2013. The second Progress Reports were delivered on July 28<sup>th</sup>, 2014.

### **E3. Collection Systems Deficiencies Identified during Routine Preventive O&M**

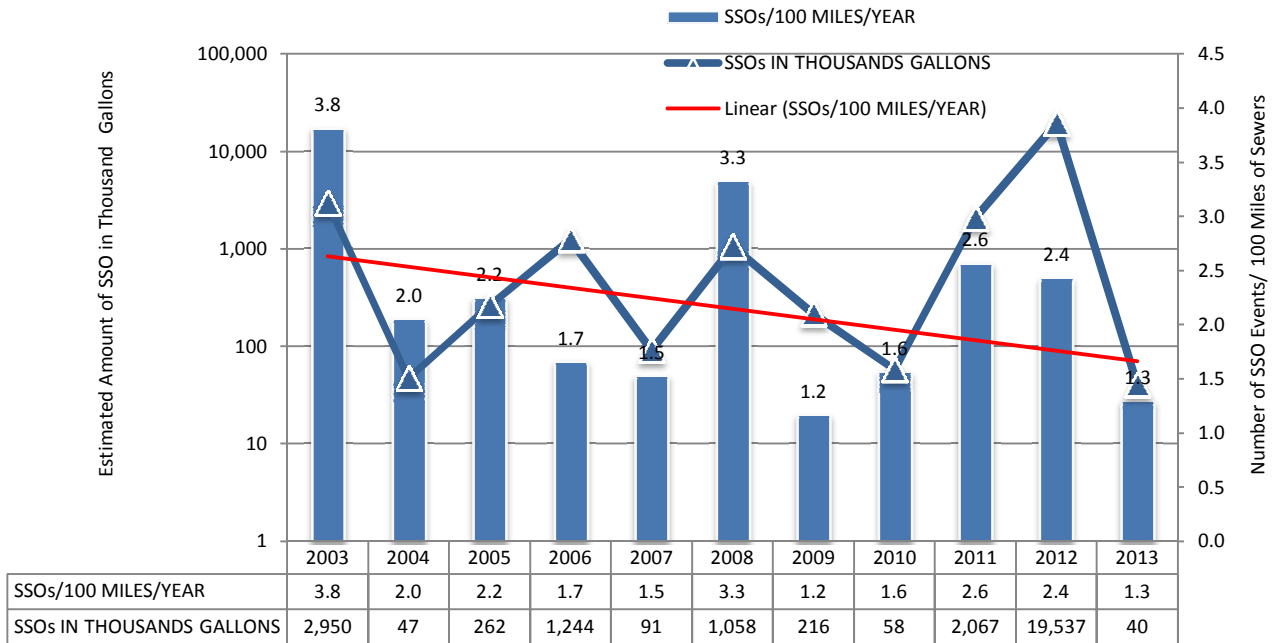
The County's in-house staff implements a preventive O&M program, which is to investigate the collection system on a regular basis and rehabilitate the deficiencies as needed. The County's in-house staff also takes care of the customer complaints and responds to the overflow emergencies.

### **F. Whether the County has adequately prioritized rehabilitation work to maximize the reduction of Overflows**

Since sanitary sewer systems are subject to harsh and corrosive conditions, the CMOM program is required to assess the structural condition of the system through field investigations including CCTV inspections. The results of the assessments lead to identifying and ranking the long-term and short-term rehabilitation actions to correct the problems.

Regarding the rehabilitation actions recommended in the SSES reports of Little Patuxent, Patapsco, Guilford Run/Hammond Branch, the consultants use the combined results not only from the field investigation, including manhole inspections, CCTV sewer main condition assessment, flow monitoring, but also the hydraulic model to prioritize the work to maximize the reduction of overflows.

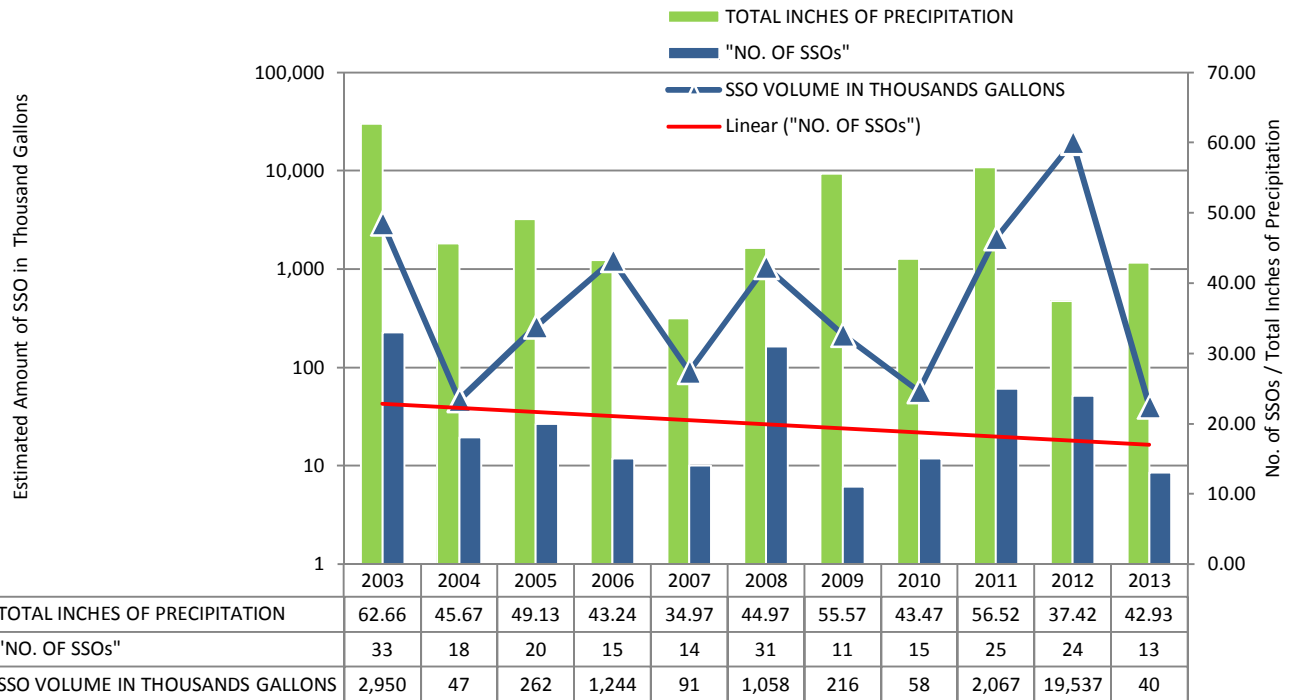
## Sewer System Overflows 2003-2013



As is shown in the above chart, over the past 11 years from 2003 to 2013, the County has the SSOs/mile/year ranging from 1.2 to 3.8, while the national average posted by EPA in 2004 is 4.5. What’s more, the County’s overall trend of SSOs/mile/year is downward. The SSOs/mile/year for 2013 is 1.3, which is the second lowest number among the past 11 years.

To further investigate the correlation between numbers of SSO occurrence to the total amount, the 11 years’ precipitation data is plotted in the below chart. The numbers of SSO occurrence over the years keep a downward trend, despite the fact that the total overflow amount in 2012 was severely affected by the by-pass incident that happened during Hurricane Sandy at LPWRP.

## Sewer System Overflows vs Precipitation 2003-2013



\* Precipitation Data Resources: National Climatic Data Center (NCDC) - <http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/>

This report serves the purpose of the County’s third yearly Self-Audit. The County will continue to monitor the performance of the CMOM program annually to make sure the County

- Properly manage, operate, and maintain, at all times, the parts of collection system that they own or have operational control.
- Provide adequate capacity to convey base flows and peak flows.
- Take all feasible steps to stop and minimize the impact of sanitary sewer overflows.
- Provide notification to parties with a reasonable potential for exposure to pollutants associated with an overflow event.
- Develop a written summary of their CMOM program and make it available to the public upon request including self-audits.



## **Appendix A-1**

### **Sample FSE Inspection Checklist**

# Howard County Government Food Service Establishment Checklist

1. Facility Name: Domino's Pizza Inspection Date: 05/21/2012  
2. Facility Address: 6010 Meadowridge Center Drive, Elkridge, Maryland, 21075  
3. Facility Manger: Manuel Sanchez  
4. Type of food service operation (café, cafeteria): Pizza Restaurant

## I Grease Trap/ Interceptor Size: 1000 Gallons

1. Type (under the sink, in-ground, automatic): Outside
2. Location: In the front of Kupcake & Company/ which is located in the rear of the Building
3. Pump out schedule (monthly, weekly, etc.): Quarterly
4. Pumper/ service provider: Hatfield's Septic Service
5.  Yes  No Maintenance log available on-site  
Note: Management must observe pumping to ensure it is done properly.

## II Kitchen Equipment/ Devices

1.  Yes  No Fine mesh strainers are in place in all floor drains and sinks.

## Dry Cleanup

1.  Yes  No Are serving wares, utensils or food preparation surfaces wiped clean before washing?
2.  Yes  No Are employees provided the necessary training and tools (rubber scrapers, brooms, absorbent materials for spills) for dry cleanup?
3.  Yes  No Are garbage cans present in pre-wash area?
4.  Yes  No Are floors swept before moped or hosed down?

## Employee Awareness Training

1.  Yes  No Is BMP poster on display at the 3 compartment sink? Are employees trained on FOG BMPs and are employees trained on these follow these procedures? *1 given*

## Grease Disposal

1.  Yes  No Are outside oil and grease storage bins kept covered?
2.  Yes  No Is there a cooking oil caddy to prevent oil and grease spills while transferring from inside the restaurant to the outside storage bin?
3.  Yes  No Are the outside storage bins located away from storm drains and catch basins?
4. Name of Hauler: N/A Tele No: N/A

Customer Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

# Howard County Government

## Food Service Establishment Checklist

1. Facility Name: Cafe' Bagel Inspection Date: 05/23/2012
2. Facility Address: 6010 Marshalee Drive, Elkridge, Maryland, 21075
3. Facility Manger: Andy Lee
4. Type of food service operation (café, cafeteria): Bagel Shop

### I Grease Trap/ Interceptor Size: N/A Gallons

1. Type (under the sink, in-ground, automatic): N/A
2. Location: SOLID WASTE PERMIT/ Not required to have trap/interceptor
3. Pump out schedule (monthly, weekly, etc.): N/A
4. Pumper/ service provider: N/A
5.  Yes  No Maintenance log available on-site  
Note: Management must observe pumping to ensure it is done properly.

### II Kitchen Equipment/ Devices

1.  Yes  No Fine mesh strainers are in place in all floor drains and sinks.

### Dry Cleanup

1.  Yes  No Are serving wares, utensils or food preparation surfaces wiped clean before washing?
2.  Yes  No Are employees provided the necessary training and tools (rubber scrapers, brooms, absorbent materials for spills) for dry cleanup?
3.  Yes  No Are garbage cans present in pre-wash area?
4.  Yes  No Are floors swept before moped or hosed down?

### Employee Awareness Training

1.  Yes  No Is BMP poster on display at the 3 compartment sink? Are employees trained on FOG BMPs and are employees trained on these follow these procedures?

### Grease Disposal

1.  Yes  No Are outside oil and grease storage bins kept covered?
2.  Yes  No Is there a cooking oil caddy to prevent oil and grease spills while transferring from inside the restaurant to the outside storage bin?
3.  Yes  No Are the outside storage bins located away from storm drains and catch basins?
4. Name of Hauler: N/A Tele No: N/A

Customer Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

## **Appendix A-2**

### **Sample Semi-annual Operation and Maintenance Report**



## **Appendix A-3**

### **Sample Waste Hauler Report**

# Howard County

Department of Public Works  
BUREAU OF UTILITIES

Little Patuxent Water Reclamation Plant  
8900 Greenwood Place, Savage, Maryland 20763  
Tel.: 410-880-5810 Fax: 410-880-5812

Date: 5-4-12  
Time: 1:15

## Hauler Inspection Report Facility Information

Name: Copeland's  
Address: 10200 Windcopin Circle  
Hauler Company: VP

Frequency: 4 wks X Per Month 1 or Per Year 1

## Interceptor

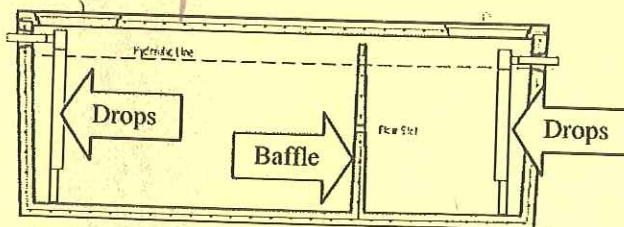
Grease / Used Oil Layer	<u>14</u> Inches	➔ Total	<u>27</u>
Solids / Sludge Accumulation:	<u>13</u> Inches		
Influent / Effluent Drops Intact	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	
Baffles / Interceptor Intact	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	
Manholes Accessible	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	
Cleanouts	Missing Caps <input type="checkbox"/>	Full of Debris <input type="checkbox"/>	

Hauler Driver Initials: VP

Requires Immediate Inspection of County Official Yes  No

Facility Employee Signature: [Signature]

Disposal Location: VP



## You May leave yellow copy at Weigh Station

White - Business    Yellow - Agency    Pink - Hauler

## **Appendix B**

### **CMOM Self-Audit Checklist**



Appendix B-1 - CMOM Self Audit Checklist

<b>I. CMOM Programs Recent Performance Summary</b>			
Performance Measures for Year 2013	Year 2014		Month August
	Goal	Actual	Comment
A. Number of Customer Complaints	0	758	Plugged sewer service line: 531 Plugged sewer main: 17 Clean out cap and/or panella issue: 168 Shared Septic Sewer Overflow: 0 Sewer gas odor: 26 Sanitary sewer overflow: 2 Struck sewer service, main or asset: 4 Sewer Inquiry: 10
B. Number of NPDES Permit Violations	0	0	
C. Number of Capacity Related Overflows	0	0	SSOs storm related
D. Number of Maintenance Related Overflows	0	4	SSOs due to debris obstruction and roots
E. Number of Operations Related Overflows	0	0	SSOs due to power failure
F. Number of Overflows Caused By FOG	0	0	SSOs due to restaurant grease blockage
G. Number of Overflows Caused By Sources Other Than FOG	0	4	SSOs due to grease blockage
H. Number of Overflows Caused By Pipe/Equipment Failures	0	5	
I. Number of Overflows Caused By Damage	0	2	SSOs due to vandalism, contractor misconduct, etc.
J. Monthly Average Treatment Plant Flow Rate (gallon per capital-day [gpcd])	179	135	Goal is defined in the 2013 water and sewer allocation report

Appendix B-1 - CMOM Self Audit Checklist

<b>I. CMOM Programs Recent Performance Summary</b>			
Performance Measures for Year 2013	Year 2014		Month August
	Goal	Actual	Comment
K. Number of By-Passes at Treatment Plant	0	0	
L. Volume of Treatment Plant By-Pass	0	0	
M. Miles of Sewer Line CCTV'd	49	11.2	CCTV service contracts expanding expected in 2013
N. Miles of Sewer Line Cleaned	195	247	
O. Linear Feet of Sewer Line Repaired	51480	10569	5,805 LF of 8" sewer CIPP at Murray Hills Subdivision 1,554 LF of sewer repaired by County's In-house Staff 3,210 LF of sewer grouted by County's On-call Contractor
P. Number of Manholes Inspected	6000	4248	
Q. Number of Manholes Repaired	300	12	Repair as needed
R. Number of Grease Interceptors Inspected	827	636	827 = (283 Outside Interceptors + 2 * 272 Inside Interceptors)
S. Miles of Sewer Line Smoke Tested	N/A	147	
T. Number of Pumps Stations Repaired	N/A	0	

## **Appendix C**

### **2013 Sewer System Overflows (SSO's) Report**

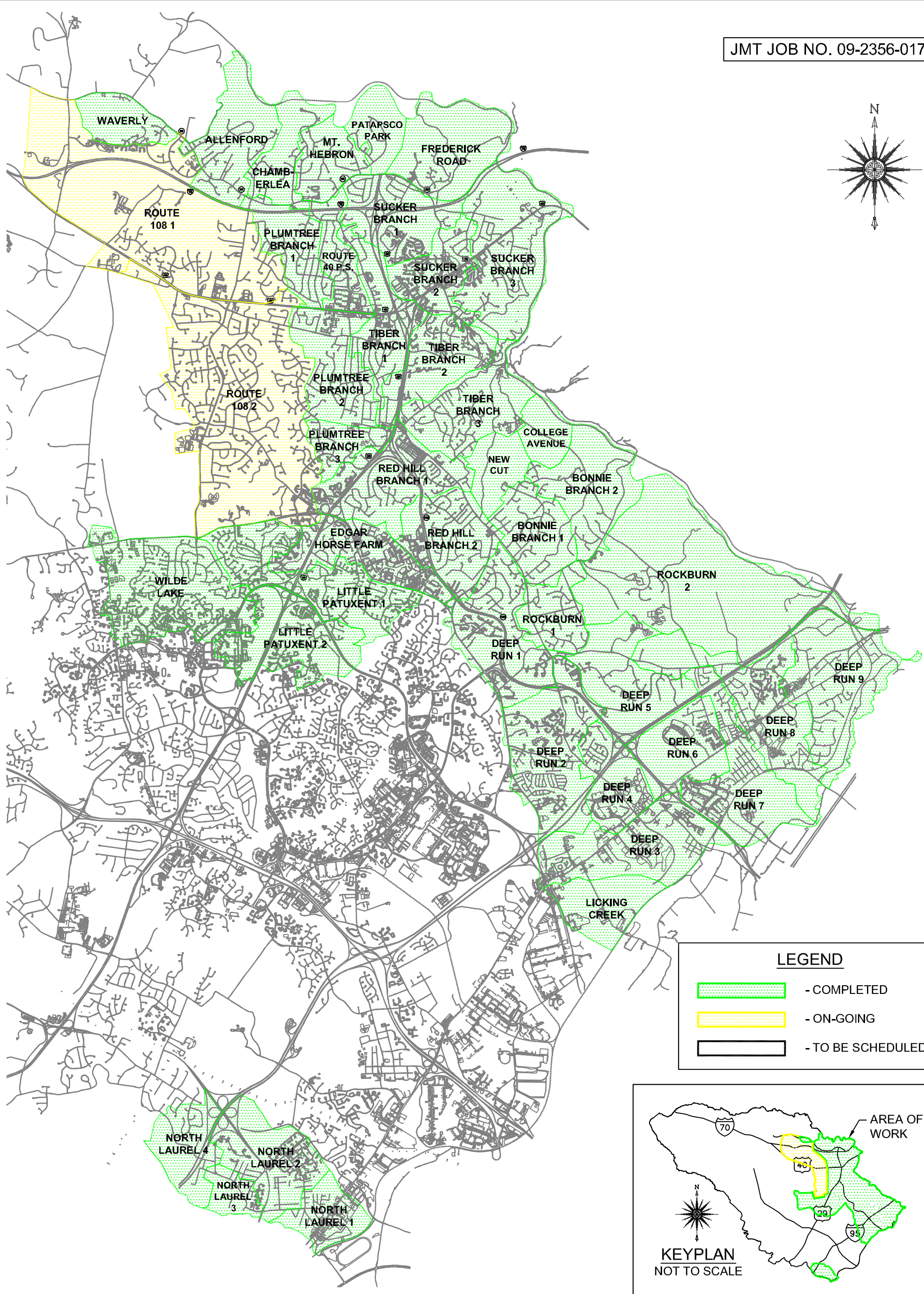
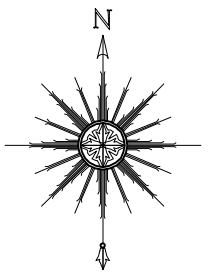
PROBABLE CAUSES OF SEWER SYSTEM OVERFLOWS – 2013

LOCATION	DATE	CAUSE:	GREASE BLOCKAGE (RESTAURANT)	GREASE BLOCKAGE	DEBRIS OBSTRUCTION	ROOTS	VANDALISM	UNKNOWN STORM FLOWS	PIPE / EQUIP FAILURE	DAMAGED BY OTHERS	POWER FAILURE	DURATION in hours	ESTIMATED AMOUNT - GALLONS
9051 Red Branch	01/18/13				X				X			24.00	200
10587 Twin Rivers Rd	01/29/13			X								1.00	1,000
5800 Washington Blvd	03/11/13				X					X		2.50	5,000
9944 Old Frederick Rd	03/20/13								X			0.25	5
9705 Washington Blve	05/09/13								X			20.00	15,000
2714 Snowmill Ct	05/13/13								X			1.00	25
Little Patuxent Water Reclamation Plant	06/14/13								X			0.33	4,000
11021 Woodelves Way	06/28/13			X								3.00	1,000
4529 Yorkshire Dr	10/18/13				X							7.50	9,000
5070 Bonnie Branch Rd	10/27/13									X		3.00	300
9200 Bridal Path	11/17/13			X								5.00	250
8735 Town and County Blvd	12/04/13			X								2.00	2,500
5869 Woodvalley Rd	12/13/13					X						1.50	2,000
		Totals:	0	4	3	1	0	0	5	2	0	71.08	40,280

*Blockage FOG*  
*Blockage Other*  
*Maintenance*  
*Maintenance*  
*Other*  
*Capacity*  
*Pipe/Equipment Failures*  
*Other*  
*Operation*

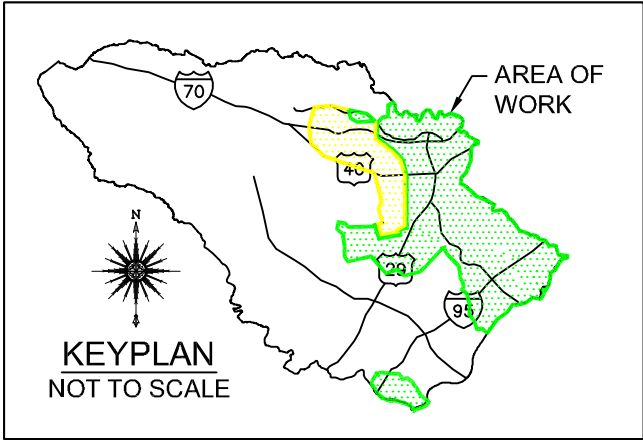
## **Appendix D**

### **Action Planned and/or Implemented in 2013**



**LEGEND**

- COMPLETED
- ON-GOING
- TO BE SCHEDULED



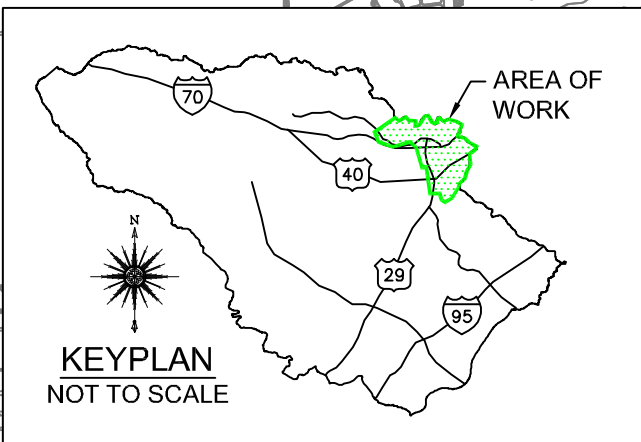
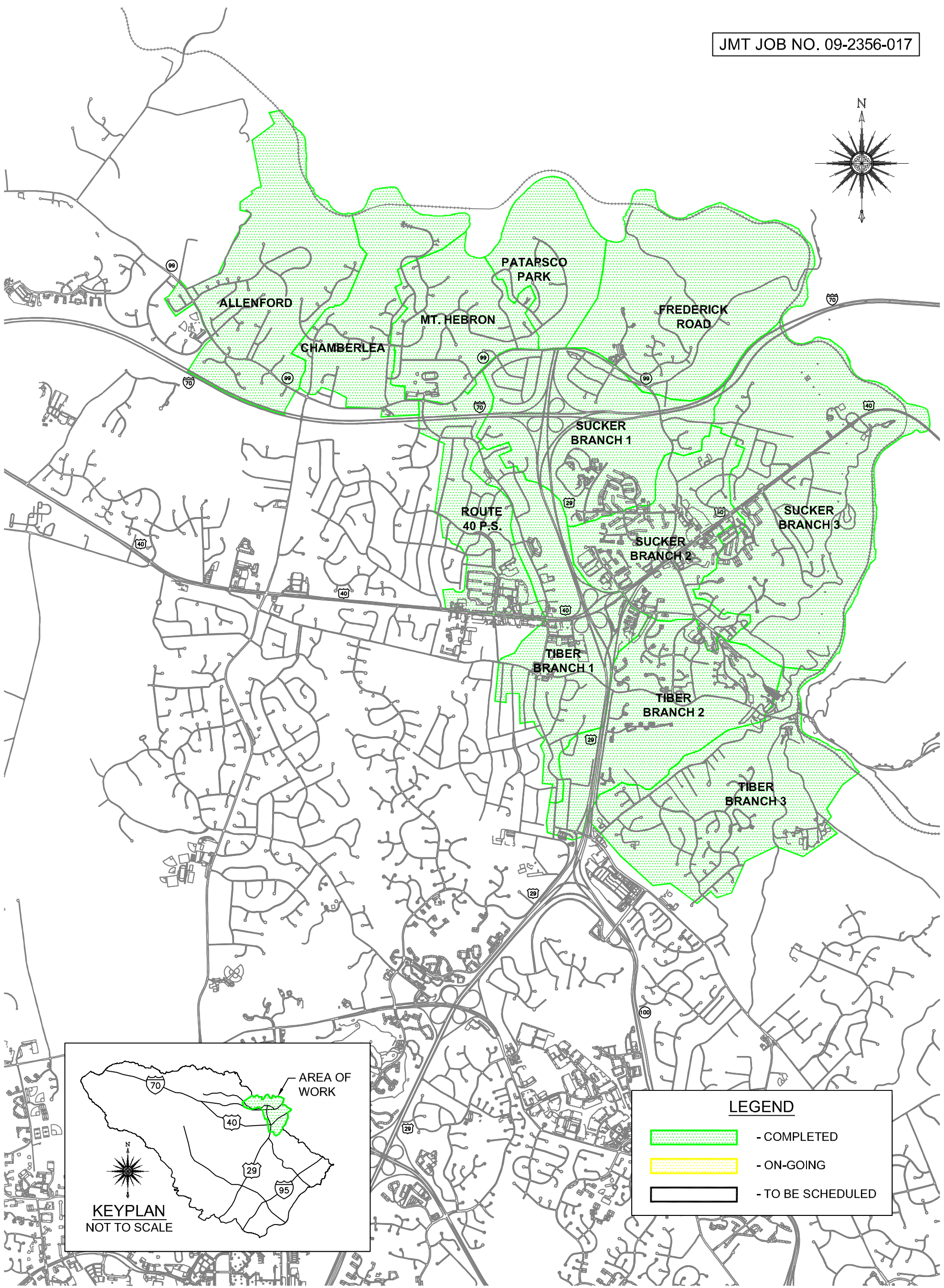
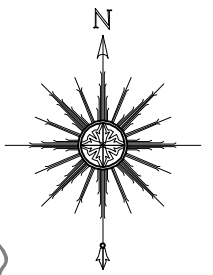
# HOWARD COUNTY CMOM PROGRAM

CLEANING SCHEDULE

PRINTED DATE:  
12/19/2013

FIGURE D1





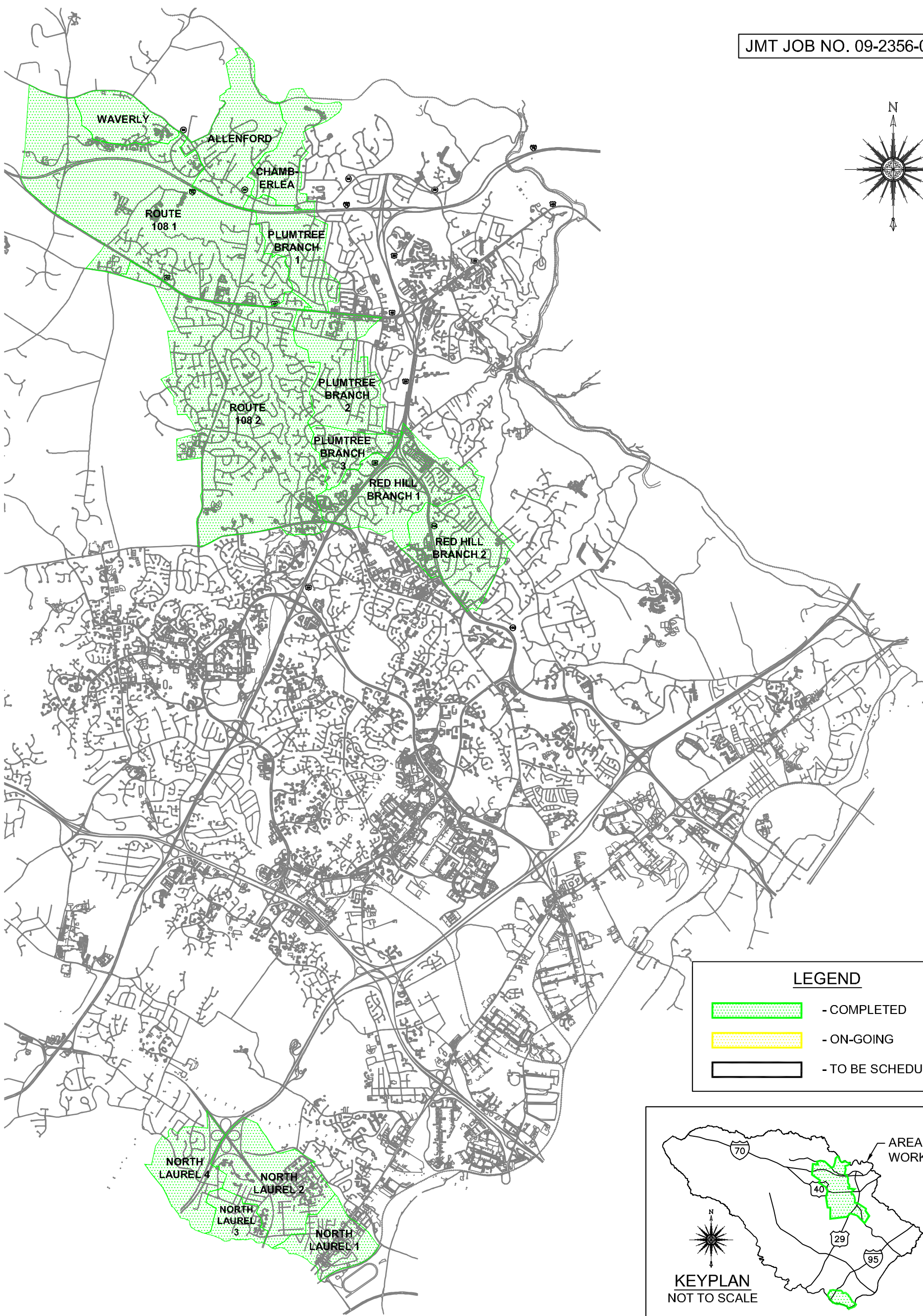
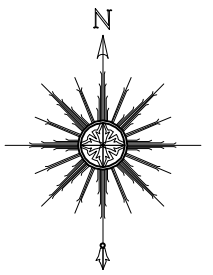
**LEGEND**

- COMPLETED
- ON-GOING
- TO BE SCHEDULED

# HOWARD COUNTY CMOM PROGRAM

CCTV SCHEDULE





**LEGEND**

- COMPLETED
- ON-GOING
- TO BE SCHEDULED

**KEYPLAN**  
NOT TO SCALE

# HOWARD COUNTY CMOM PROGRAM

SMOKE TESTING SCHEDULE

**JOHNSON, MIRMIAN & THOMPSON**  
Engineering A Brighter Future®  
72 Loveton Circle Baltimore, Maryland 21152-0949

**HOWARD COUNTY**  
**DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS**  
**BUREAU OF UTILITIES**

PRINTED DATE:  
12/19/2013

FIGURE D3